

THE CHRONICLE

VOL. XI. NO. 36.

CROSSFIELD, ALBERTA, FRIDAY, SEPT. 20th, 1918.

PRICE \$1.50 A YEAR.

WM. LAUT

NOTICE

RIPE TOMATOES

WHILE THEY LAST

\$1.25

per Basket Crate

William Laut,
GROCERIES, HARDWARE,
IMPLEMENTS, HARNESS.

CROSSFIELD DISTRICT CO-OPERATIVE ASSOCIATION U.F.A. LIMITED.

Lumber for Granaries
Corral Boards
Hay Baling Wire
Canned Goods
Cedar Posts and Tamarac Posts and
Rails
Car of Flour and Feed to arrive shortly
Watering Troughs and Tank Heaters

For Sale.—One 6ft. Massey Harris Binder, in working order. \$100.00.
Phone 602. A. S. Smith.
For Sale.—One 7-horse power Lister Engine and 9-inch Grinder.—
Apply A. D. Brown.
For Sale Cheap, a Hog Feeder.—Apply at Office.
Wanted.—Good Bull, Shorthorn or Hereford.—I. W. Fike.
For Sale.—Five Hogs, 10 weeks old.—J. McClements.
For Sale. Brood Sow due to farrow October 15th.—Apply Jas. Tennant
For Sale, One-horse power Hay Baler.—Apply R. Reid.
Found, on the road near Banner School, a Man's Wool Sweater.—Can
be had by applying at the Post Office.

WE ARE OPEN TO EXECUTE Orders for PRINTING

At Moderate Prices
Call at THE CHRONICLE Office.

J. A. VALIQUETTE, LL.B.,
BARRISTER-SOLICITOR-NOTARY
Room 3 Alberta Hotel, Crossfield
every Saturday, from
2:30 p.m. to 8 p.m.
Calgary Office: 810x First Street West.
Phone 21407.
Money to Loan.

Local and General

Mrs. Capt. Miller and son are spending a vacation in town with Mr. and Mrs. W. McKory.

Mr. E. H. Malcolm, of Edmonton, Chairman of the Hail Insurance Board was a visitor to Crossfield on Wednesday.

Mr. Jas. McClements and family moved from town on Thursday, having secured a farm in the Peace River district.

Mr. and Mrs. Morrow and family left town the first of the week for their new home in Newburgh, Ont.

The old post office is undergoing repairs prior to the Municipality moving their office there.

Levi Bone has kindly undertaken the task of Drill Instructor of the local Boy Scouts. The first drill since their re-organization took place last Monday evening.

CHURCH OF THE ASCENSION.
17th Sunday after Trinity,
Sept. 22nd.

10 a.m. Sunday School.
11 a.m. Morning Prayer, and
Sermon.

Harvest Festival Postponed, Oct. 13.
P. C. Batt, of the Provincial police has moved into the house vacated by E. H. Morrow and family, having given up the Fire Hall premises for his office work, he will now use part of his new abode for that purpose.

Clyde White's well-drilling outfit has been drilling wells for Robt. Colling and Oscar Lynn, drilling operations are now in progress behind the premises recently acquired by Mrs. Stevens on Ostler street.

The Sister of Providence, from Father Lacombe's Home, at Midnapore, desires to thank all those who in any way contributed to the success of their effort in Crossfield to raise funds for that institution, also for the cordial way in which she was received by all upon whom she called.

Members of the congregation of the Anglican Church will regret to learn of the sudden death of Mr. E. P. Williams, of Castains, which took place at the Holy Cross Hospital, on the 13th inst. Mr. Williams, who was an earnest Christian man, and a devoted son of the Church, leaves a widow and seven children. A wreath was sent from the Churchwardens, vestry and congregation of the Church of the Ascension, with deepest sympathy, the funeral services being conducted by the Rev. J. P. Dingle.

UNION CHURCH, CROSSFIELD.
"What progress is the missionary enterprise making? What is Canada's share of world responsibility? How can men relate themselves in a practical way to the spread of Christianity throughout the world?" These are questions which will be dealt with by the pastor Rev. R. K. Swenerton, next Sunday in connection with Missionary Inaugural Sunday. Services will be held at Rodney at 11 a.m., Elba, 3 p.m., and Crossfield 7:30 p.m. All are welcome.

The CROSSFIELD CASH STORE

We have a Complete Stock of
Fall Underwear
SWEATERS, SOX, GLOVES,
SHOES, OVERALLS,
for Men and Boys.

GET OUR PRICES ON
Groceries for your Threshing Order

"It Pays to Pay Cash."
GIVE US A TRIAL ORDER
Phone 33. Food Control License No. 8-1183

CROSSFIELD GARAGE

C. C. SMART, Proprietor.
Agent for CHEVROLET CARS.
AUTOMOBILE REPAIRING.
All Kinds of Ford Repairs in Stock. Tires & Accessories.
Rebuilders of Stationary, Traction, Gasoline or Steam
Engines and Separators.
Manufacturer of Coultter Patent Clothes Reels.

Farm and Ranch LAND LISTINGS WANTED

For Sale or to Lease,
From a Quarter Section to One or more Sections.

A. W. GORDON,
AGENT FOR

FARM & RANCH LANDS INSURANCE of all Kinds,

Money to Loan on Improved Farm Land
J. I. CASE T.M. Co.

PHONE 34. P.O. Box. 44.

Crossfield CASH MEAT MARKET

Fresh and Cured Meats and Fish always on hand
Good Variety of Smoked Meats at the Lowest possible Prices.

We are always open to buy Beef Cattle or Stockers. If you have anything to sell call and see us. Best prices paid.

Phone 24. Highest Price Paid for Hides and Poultry.

TIMS & CUMING, Props.

Second to None

GALT COAL

SOLD BY
ATLAS LUMBER CO., LTD.,
CROSSFIELD. J. S. JOSE, Local Manager.



NOTICE TO UNITED STATES CITIZENS IN CANADA.

By the United States Military Service Convention Regulations, approved by the Governor-in-Council on 20th August, 1918, MALE CITIZENS OF THE UNITED STATES IN CANADA, WITHIN THE AGES for the time being SPECIFIED BY THE LAWS OF THE UNITED STATES prescribing compulsory military service, except those who have diplomatic exemption, ARE MADE SUBJECT AND LIABLE TO MILITARY SERVICE IN CANADA, AND BECOME ENTITLED TO EXEMPTION OR DISCHARGE THEREFROM, UNDER THE CANADIAN LAWS AND REGULATIONS. The regulations governing this liability are published in the Canada Gazette (Extra) of 21st August, 1918; copy whereof may be obtained upon application through the post to the Director of the Military Service Branch of the Department of Justice at Ottawa.

UNITED STATES CITIZENS of the description aforesaid who were IN CANADA ON 30th JULY, 1918, HAVE SIXTY DAYS FROM THAT DATE within which TO EXERCISE AN OPTION TO ENLIST or enroll IN THE FORCES OF THE UNITED

STATES, OR TO RETURN to the United States; and THOSE WHO for any reason SUBSEQUENTLY BECOME LIABLE TO MILITARY SERVICE IN CANADA HAVE THIRTY DAYS FROM THE DATE of the accruing OF SUCH LIABILITY within which to exercise the like option. It is stipulated by the Convention also that certificates of diplomatic exemption may be granted within the optional periods aforesaid. EVERY CITIZEN OF THE UNITED STATES TO WHOM THE REGULATIONS APPLY is required to REPORT TO THE REGISTRAR under the Military Service Act, 1917, FOR THE province or DISTRICT WITHIN WHICH he is, in the manner by the regulations prescribed, WITHIN TEN DAYS AFTER THE EXPIRY OF HIS OPTIONAL PERIOD and will be SUBJECT TO PENALTIES if without reasonable excuse HE FAIL SO TO REPORT. For the information of those who may be concerned Sections 3 and 4 defining the requirements of registration, with which it will be necessary strictly to comply, are set out substantially as follows:—

REGULATIONS

3. EVERY MALE CITIZEN OF THE UNITED STATES WITHIN THE AGES for the time being SPECIFIED IN THE LAWS OF THE UNITED STATES prescribing compulsory military service, not including those who have diplomatic exemption, WITHIN TEN DAYS AFTER THE EXPIRY OF THE TIME LIMITED BY THE CONVENTION within which the Government of the United States may issue him a certificate of diplomatic exemption, SHALL TRULY REPORT TO THE REGISTRAR BY REGISTERED POST, and in writing which is plainly legible, his name in full, his occupation and the date of his birth; stating also whether he is single, married or a widower; and if the latter, whether he has a child living; also if married, the date of his marriage; and stating moreover his place of residence and usual post office address in Canada; and, if he reside within a city or place where the streets and dwellings are named and numbered, the name and number of his street and dwelling; or if he reside in another place, the lot and concession number, section, township, range, and meridian, or other definite description whereby his place of residence may be located, having regard to the custom of the locality in which he lives; and IF WITHOUT REASONABLE EXCUSE HE NEGLECT OR FAIL TO

REPORT IN THE MANNER and with the particulars aforesaid within the time limited as aforesaid, HE SHALL BE GUILTY OF AN OFFENCE, AND SHALL BE LIABLE UPON SUMMARY CONVICTION to a penalty not EXCEEDING FIVE HUNDRED DOLLARS, AND TO IMPRISONMENT for any term not exceeding six months, and moreover he shall incur A PENALTY OF \$10.00 FOR EACH DAY after the time when or within which he should have registered during which he shall continue to be unregistered.

4. EVERY UNITED STATES CITIZEN who HAS DIPLOMATIC EXEMPTION, although not otherwise subject to these regulations SHALL, WITHIN TEN DAYS after the granting of the same truly REPORT TO THE REGISTRAR, in like manner and with the same particulars as required by the last preceding section; and in addition he shall embody in his report a true and complete statement of the particulars of his certificate of diplomatic exemption. NEGLECT OR FAILURE without reasonable excuse to comply with the requirements of this section SHALL CONSTITUTE AN OFFENCE PUNISHABLE IN THE MANNER AND BY THE PENALTIES provided in the last preceding section.

ISSUED BY THE DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE, MILITARY SERVICE BRANCH.

SYNOPSIS OF CANADIAN NORTH-WEST LAND REGULATIONS.

THE sole head of a family, or any male over 18 years old, may homestead a quarter-section of available Dominion land in Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta. Applicant must appear in person at the Dominion Lands Agency or Sub-Agency for the district. Entry by proxy may be made at any Dominion Lands Agency (but not Sub-Agency), on certain conditions.

Duties—Six months' residence upon and cultivation of the land in each of three years. A homesteader may live within nine miles of his homestead on a farm of at least 80 acres, on certain conditions. A habitable house is required except where residence is performed in the vicinity.

In certain districts a homesteader in good standing may pre-empt a quarter-section alongside his homestead. Price \$5.00 per acre. Duties—Must reside six months in each of three years after cultivation. Pre-emption patent may be obtained as soon as homestead patent, on certain conditions.

A settler who has exhausted his homestead right may take a purchased homestead in certain districts. Price \$3.00 per acre. Duties—Must reside six months in each of three years, cultivate fifty acres and erect a house worth \$250.00.

The area of cultivation is subject to reduction in case of rough, stony or scrubby land. Live stock may be obtained as soon as homestead patent, on certain conditions.

W. W. COBY, C.M.G.,

Deputy of the Minister of the Interior, N.B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.



ADOPT THEM

Adopt the use of Classified Want Ads. They have proved money makers for others. They are appreciated by the buyer, as they enable him to quickly locate the place where he can find his requirements. Will he find your business represented?

Despatched 100 to W. W. Coby

Advertise in the

"Chronicle"

It will Pay You.

We are open
to execute
Your orders
For Printing
of any description
Before sending
out of town
Call at the
Chronicle Office.

Local and General

We are asked to announce that the date of the Boys' and Girls' Pig Club Fair is on Saturday, October 12th. Everybody will be welcome.

A Karn Organ for Sale, in good order. Will sell cheap. Apply C. Wicks. Box 76.

See Dr. M. Mecklenburg, the Eye Sight Expert about your eyes, will again be at the Hotel, Crossfield, on Tuesday, October 29th.

The French Farmers Saved The Day

The saving farmer is a national asset. Canadian progress to-day in all lines attests magnificently to the splendid qualities of thrift that have marked the farmers in all the provinces. The total returns from field crops and animal produce have been only possible because of the disposition to make use in an economical way of all the wonderful gifts of Providence in this good land of ours.

The same was abundantly true after 1870 in France when the frugal, thrifty farmers of that fair land made it possible for the Republic to pay off that hated German war indemnity of two billion francs levied against them. The same spirit of national thrift built up France for the extreme test to-day—a test that is being tried by fire.

Thanks be, French heroism is proving true. The line is holding. The blood of the farmers is flowing equally as well through the veins of France's daughters of the soil and so the national strength tends but does not break.

Canada is reaping her harvests of increased returns and money is being made as never before. Our farmers are earning the gratitude of all in their splendid efforts at production. That they will carry into their savings an equal foresight in conserving their surpluses against the future days of darkness and lower prices will be equally praiseworthy. He is well advised who saves his extra dollar until he sees which way the winds of tomorrow will blow. Adversity blows a chill blast where there is no dollar in the savings.

Germany's Defeat

Germany has shot her military bolt in the west, and it has failed. She has been worsted in two great trials of strength, and the inferiority of her armies has been established. She has been outwitted by French Generals, and she is now under no misapprehension as to the ability of American soldiers to cross the Atlantic, and to destroy twice their weight of German soldiers after they have crossed it. She may make a desperate effort to retrieve her position—or seem to do so—and to regain the initiative, but she has no longer the slightest hopes of victory. It is a matter rather of mathematics than of conjecture. If she was not able to hold her place in the Marne salient, if she can not now hold her place in the Picardy salient, she has no real hopes of military success anywhere. She has prodigally consumed her reserves, and she cannot replace them. She has retired in fairly good order from the salients that she has lost, but she has now no army with which she can fight a battle of the first magnitude unless it be a battle of extended retreat.

Evidence of Bad German Morale

Some idea of the state of German morale may be had from the following quotations picked at random from captured documents and letters. One German wrote home, but did not get a chance to post the letter:

"I have been in the line for fourteen weeks. Johann is being well looked after. I wish I too, was a prisoner of war."

Another letter reads: "When we retired, two Alsacians remained behind. If they had only said they were going to desert many more would have stayed with them."

One message says: "Our men are completely exhausted and can hardly stand upright."

Another says: "The men cannot keep their eyes open owing to strain and fatigue, they must have relief."

Will another soldier say: "We hear that the Bavarians and Saxons no longer wish to fight. How is it going to end?"

Kaiser is Giving up Eloquence for a Whimpering Tone

Commenting on the speech of Emperor William to the workmen at the Krupp munition works at Essen, which was reported from Amsterdam, the newspapers declare the emperor endeavored to brace up the shabby spirit of the German people and to fight the defeatist elements. The Petit Parisien says:

"The Emperor gave up his grand eloquent tone to a deep whimpering tone. He does not speak any more of the antagonism of the enemy toward the Anglo-Saxons."

The Figaro says: "There was not a word in the speech which was not either an inhuman sneer or a lie for slaves, and this in an atmosphere of discouragement."

"The Kaiser looked grave and his hair has become very grey," says an Essen despatch to the Lokal Anzeiger of Berlin, describing the appearance of Emperor William on the occasion of his speech at the Krupp munition works, "but in his eyes shone the defiant gleam of a Prussian king." With elastic tread he paced through the Friedrichs hall, where he was welcomed with a short speech by Krupp von Bohlen.

"He began to speak with subdued voice, then spoke more vigorously, and finally with a vim that carried his hearers away. He spoke for about three-quarters of an hour without manuscript and with rhetoric which many reiterations might have evaded."

England's Oldest Industry

The manufacture of tinder-box flint is booming just now, owing to the match shortage.

This is probably the oldest handicraft in Britain—older, in fact, it could hardly be, for it forms an industrial link—the only one—with the prehistoric Stone Age. The centre of the industry is the little village of Brandon, on the borders of Norfolk and Suffolk. The men who pursue it are known locally as flint-knappers, and the work is done in little sheds, often situated at the back of the cottages in which the workers live.

In pre-war days the demand for the flints they produced came chiefly from Spain and Italy, in the rural areas of countries the old fashioned flint-and-steel tinder-box has never been wholly supplanted by the modern match. But nowadays practically the entire supply is eagerly snapped up by the makers of those ingenious little mechanical devices for lighting pipes and cigarettes with which the war has rendered us familiar.

Potato Speculators Warned

Dealers and others who may be ambitious in regard to this year's crop of potatoes and apples have been warned by the Canada Food Board against speculation. "In negotiations for the purchase or sale of apples, potatoes or other roots, due consideration should be given to the possibility of some action being taken by this Board," declares their recent statement.

Hunan, China, is a very large egg-producing district, Changsha is one of the most important distributing centres, and eggs are preserved here for shipment to other parts of China. Under the old system the eggs are collected in the country round about and sent to the egg commission houses to be sold to retail dealers or peddlers. For export to other parts of China the eggs are preserved by wrapping them in a coating of clay and salt mixed with with rice hulls. Such such clay-wrapped eggs are then closely packed in large jars and sealed up, after which they are sent to keep indefinitely.

Council Meetings

The council of the Village of Crossfield will meet in the Council Chamber over Fire Hall on the first Monday of each month, commencing with February at the hour of 8:30 o'clock p.m.

By Order of the Village Council.
61-62. W. McIlroy, Sec.-Treas.

Strayed.

A reward is offered for recovery of 7 head of horses branded (acorn) on right hip, 2 black mares, 1 light bay mare, 1 bay saddle horse, and 2 young bays. Write Wm. H. Davies or phone F. F. Moyle, Didsbury.

Carmen's Messenger

— BY —
HAROLD BINDLOSS

WARD LOCK & CO., LIMITED
London, Melbourne, and Toronto

(Continued.)

Foster's eyes narrowed as he gazed up the track and saw two figures come round a bend. They were too far off to be distinct, but were walking fast. If he sat still, he would be invisible for two or three minutes but not longer, and he quickly studied his surroundings. There were large boulders and brambles between him and the water, and the tall hedge offered a hiding place on the other side. It might be wiser to get out of sight, but he would make an experiment, and dropped a few wax matches and a London newspaper he had bought in Carlisle. The country people did not use wax matches and London newspapers were not common among the Border moors.

Then, moving slowly, he made for the hedge. There were only a few bushes between him and the approaching men, but he had a good background into which his figure would melt, and was ready to lie down if needed. He paused for a moment at the edge of the burn, which spread out in a shallow that reflected the faded light. He might be seen against the water, but something must be risked, and if the men were looking for him, they would watch the road. Stepping in to the stream, he waded across, making as little splash as possible, and found a hole in the hedge, through which he crawled. He was now in the shadow and it would be difficult to distinguish him among the thick stems.

The men were plainly visible and did not look like country people, for the hill farmers and shepherds walk with a curious gait. Foster crouched down and waited, knowing he would get a useful hint when they reached the spot he had left. They stopped and one picked up the newspaper, while his companion bent down and got up with something in his hand. Foster, who imagined the fellow had found the matches, wondered whether he had made the trail too plain. If he suspected the trick, they would know he was not far off and search for him.

He could not see their faces well and regretted this, because it would have been useful to know them again, and although they began to talk, their voices were too low for him to hear what they said. Presently one left the road on the opposite side of the stream and climbed the steep bank on which he stood as if he wished to look across to the moor. The other walked along the edge of the grass with his head bent, but Foster thought he was doing so and saw any foot prints he might have left. The fellow came on a few yards towards the water, then stood still for about half a minute while Foster tried to see his face, but could only see a white oval in the gathering dark.

He was anxious and puzzled, because he did not know whether the men wanted him or Lawrence's. The nearer of them would, no doubt, see him if he crossed the burn, but Foster thought he might stir and put the fellow out of action before the other came up. This, however, would be risky, and since he did not know their intentions he was not sure he would gain much if he came off victor. To his relief, the man went back and joined his companion in the road, where they stood looking about, and then set off rapidly down hill as if they had decided to go to Jedburgh.

When their footsteps died away, Foster turned back along the hedge and struck across the moor in the dark. It would be better to avoid Jedburgh, and he must try to find the house that Pete had told him of. He had some trouble in doing so and the way fell into a bog, but at length a light blinked on a hillside and he came to a small building, sheltered by a few stunted ash trees. A shed thatched with heather and a rough stone byre stood near one end of a milky way. A dog ran out and circled round Foster, barking, until an old man with a lantern drove it off and asked what he wanted.

Foster said he wanted shelter for the night and was willing to pay for the accommodation, to which the other replied that they did not take in strangers. Where Lawrence stated that Long Pete had told him to go there he hesitated and finally said:

YOUR EYES
MARTINE'S EYE REMEDY
Ask Martine's Eye Remedy Co., Chicago

W. N. U. 1221

"Well, ye can come awa' in and see the mistress."
The flagged kitchen was very clean and a big peat fire burned in the grate. A black oat meal chest stood against the wall and old-fashioned china filled the rack above. On the opposite side there was a large cupboard, which Foster thought concealed a bed. The room was warm and looked comfortable after the wet moor. Foster turned to the red-checked old woman who sat knitting by the fire and fixed on him a quietly penetrating gaze. He explained that he was tired and wanted to stay the night, adding that Pete had said they would be willing to accommodate him.

"What for no, if ye're a friend o' his?" she agreed. "It's a lang road to Jedburgh. But ye'll be wanting some supper."
Foster confessed that he was hungry and after a time sat down to a plain but appetizing meal. When this was over he gave his host his tobacco pouch and far an hour or two they talked and smoked. The man farmed a patch of sour moor land, but he was marked by a grave politeness and asked his guest no awkward questions. Foster thought the woman was studying him, and she restrained her curiosity and he admitted that the manners of both were remarkably good. He was beginning to understand and like the lowland Scots, though he saw that some of the opinions he had formed about them were wrong.

They were reserved, essentially practical and industrious, but they had, when one came to know them, a certain reckless humor that one did not often find among Englishmen. Then they were marked by an individualistic independence of character that made them impatient of authority. They were not turbulent or given to protesting about freedom, but during the night Foster discovered it was strange to find a well-organized fraternity of poachers in a quiet, law-abiding country, but one must allow something for habits inherited from moor troopers ancestors. Foster had not the respect for good landlords of ancient stock, but this did not prevent them using the landlord's salmon and game. Since he had, to speak, been made a member of the band, it was comforting to feel that they could be trusted, and he was somehow sure of this.

He slept soundly in the cupboard that made an excuse for staying at the farm next day, but as he stood outside the house in the afternoon his host came up.

"There were two men on the Jedburgh road asking about a stranger on a walking tour."
"Ah!" said Foster. "Do you know whether they asked if they wanted a man who wore a glove?"

"They did that!"
Foster pondered. He was being searched for, and his host knew it was the man inquired about, but the old fellow's face was expressionless. Since I didn't get so far as the road, they learn nothing. The other's eyes twinkled. "I wouldn't say they would find out what they can't see here."
"Well," said Foster, "I don't know yet if I'll go on today or not."

"Ye ken best about that," the farmer answered with Scottish dryness. "I donna see much objection if ye're for stopping here."
(To Be Continued.)

Saving in One Bakery
In one large bake shop in Vancouver, more than 500 pounds of white flour are being saved every day by the use of substitutes.

The Rust Menace In Canada

Reason to Believe That Eradication of This Evil Is Nearing

What rust on grain has cost the Canadian farmer in cold cash, through startling reductions in yield, and what, in turn, the consequent cut in spending power has meant in hardship to the wage earners of western Canada who produce goods western Canadians buy, can probably not be calculated. But no two representative grain growers or manufacturers would hesitate to declare the cost to Canada as one expressed in terms of hundreds of millions of dollars. So anything tending to lessen the power of this curse to the grower of grain is certain to work out to the general advantage of Canada. And it appears now that there is good reason for optimism among those who have been actively engaged in solving the problem and so increasing the effectiveness of Canada's food contribution to the allied cause, and the base of prosperity of Canadians from the Atlantic to the Pacific.

Many people, indeed, foresee the utter extinction of the rust menace in Canada in the eradication of the barberry plant, and in the development by Seager Wheeler, of the Lord or Burbank of the Canadian wheat world—a variety of the great essential cereal that matures some years earlier than that generally grown in the Western provinces. It seems to have been proved absolutely that the decorative barberry except the Japanese sort—is the chief cause of the propagation of rust trouble, and already in the spring wheat belt in the United



States and in Canada, an organized campaign is working for the eradication of the barberry in all sections likely to infect the growing grain. It was brought out in congress in Washington by the Hon. George Young of North Dakota, that the settlers in the colony of Massachusetts in 1755 were aware of the intimate relations between the Barberry plant, and rust on wheat, and that a law was passed thirty years ago providing for the rooting out of the shrub in that jurisdiction. Denmark, however, has begun the modern crusade, and the Hon. Mr. Young says that rust has practically disappeared from the wheat fields of that progressive Scandinavian country since the carrying out effect of the campaign against the innocent-appearing barberry.

Apparently this plant is "host" for the rust, which is carried on the wind as far west as three hundred miles. That is how rust in Canada may have come via the air route from the United States, or how rust in the Dakotas or Montana or some other state in the republic may have been introduced from Canada. When the climatic conditions are suitable, it fastens to the wheat, then the rust spores develop the parasite returns to the barberry which preserves it in health during the winter months. It is, hitherto, there has followed a sharp reduction in yield wherever the law-abiding spring wheat must be tackled. That is where Seager Wheeler enters as a factor in the future of Western Canada grain growing.

For the past eleven years, on his farm near Rothenon on the Canadian Northern Railway in Central Saskatchewan, he has been "breeding" a strain of wheat that matures early. In itself that should be of value as a guarantee against loss by frost. But there is the added significance that by the time the rust usually develops on wheat in the west his wheat has developed to the point where it can do practically no harm.

While little has been said in public in Canada, the leaders in Canadian agriculture have been closely watching the rust with keenest indications. Now, Dean Rutherford of the University of Saskatchewan, Saskatoon, points out that the people of Saskatchewan are fully aware of the fact that rust can come to us from Europe or from any of the states to the south and get started when our conditions are favorable to its propagation and spread. For instance, in 1916 the rust wave from the states to the south gradually pushed up a north-westerly direction far past Saskatoon. The states to the south are waging war against the barberry. Manitoba, Saskatchewan, and I think Alberta, have included the barberry bush amongst their noxious weeds on account of it being a host plant for the rust. Steps are being taken to have it destroyed in all gardens and hedges.

And further: "Conferences have been held already in Western Canada for the purpose of discussing ways and means of preventing rust. One of the Ottawa delegates to the conference was that of the barberry and it was recommended that this plant be

destroyed. The barberry has not been used extensively in Western Canada, yet, probably more of it can be found in parks and large public grounds than anywhere else. As these are under governing bodies, either municipal or government, it will be a very easy matter to have this plant eradicated. The Dominion Department of Agriculture is interested in itself in this important question and has under way carefully planned investigations with reference to it."

And Seager Wheeler says of his new "breed" of wheat: "Red Bobs comes up to all my expectations in practically every respect—more so than I could reasonably expect. I personally consider a perfect wheat to suit our conditions in the west in point of earliness, resistance to disease, and resistance to early fall frosts and rust. These two points alone make it a very unusual sort, as frost in every season gets some of the crops, and in 1916 the loss from rust alone in Canada amounted to \$135,000,000. "Red Bobs" matures a week to ten days earlier than even Macquie. While it is not a perfect wheat, it is practically immune owing to its stage of filling at the time the bugs begin to develop, so that rust cannot do any damage to the grains as it will be filled before rust makes any headway in the crop.

"Of other good qualities its great strength of straw enables it to be grown on land and stand up where other sorts (except Kitchener) lay down owing to excessive soft growth in rich land. Another good quality the heads fill completely, where in other sorts many heads have empty spikelets. Red Bobs is being grown this season in many districts in the three prairie provinces and will be put to a severe test, but I am confident that it will make a good showing."

In a broad sense Canada must regard Red Bobs wheat as a good gift from Australia. Out there, under the Southern Cross, in 1905, a farmer "crossed" a wheat without name with a barley called Nepal. A hard headed, good milling wheat was the result, but it was unmarketable because it was white. Some samples came to this country and experiments with it were made during a period of several years, but it remained white. Then Seager Wheeler, in 1907, began his experiments with it. By dint of great care and patience has gotten the Red Bobs. He gave it the name because he is a great admirer of "Bobs" the soldier, and because he thinks one of the best names for a wheat. The prosperity of the Dominion, a development in which the beloved Field Marshal would have taken pride.

Appointed Chief Engineer

Mr. J. M. R. Fairbairn has been appointed chief engineer of the C. P. R. system, replacing Mr. J. G. Sullivan, chief engineer, who is retiring to enter private practice, is the announcement made by special circular issued by Sir George Bury, vice president, and approved by Lord Dufferin, president.

Too much credit cannot be accorded Mr. Fairbairn, whose rise has been the result of sterling service rendered the company since he joined them in 1892. Mr. Fairbairn was born in Peterborough 45 years ago. He entered the Toronto University where he was graduated.

Following a short private practice in British Columbia, Mr. Fairbairn joined the Canadian Pacific Railway in 1892, in the engineering department and became assistant engineer at Montreal, August, 1901, and resident engineer at Ottawa 12 months later. After three years in Ottawa he returned to Montreal as division engineer, and was transferred to Toronto some

J. M. R. FAIRBAIRN.

months later, from which place he returned to Montreal in November, 1907, in a similar capacity. It was a guarantee of his value to the company that he was made principal assistant at Montreal, two years later being promoted to engineer of maintenance of way, and in June, 1911, was made chief engineer of eastern lines, a position he was promoted to the time of his present promotion, which is the highest railway position attainable.

Para-Sani Wrapper Household Roll
Keeps food fresh
—WHICH?—
Look for this Card at your Dealers
Para-Sani Wrapper is strong paper, heavily waxed, and comes in a handsome oak Roller-Box. It is better and cheaper than waxed paper in sheets.
Para-Sani keeps bread, cheese, cakes, butter and meat fresh and free from contamination. Para-Sani will save many times its cost by preventing waste. Ask your Dealer.
Appleford Counter Check Book Co., Ltd.
175 McDermot Ave. E. — WINNIPEG, MAN.

Para-Sani sent prepaid on receipt of price or C.O.D.	
1 lb. Roll with Roller Box	\$1.50
1 lb. Roll without Box	\$1.20
1 lb. Roll without Box	\$1.20
1 lb. Roll without Box	\$1.20
1 lb. Roll without Box	\$1.20

11. Special care must be taken to prevent the seed caking together. This is accomplished with this solution: When treated with stirring, the seed with a garden rake until the tendency is past.

12. Probably the best all-around variety of flax on the market is "Minnesota" or "Minnesota No. 25."

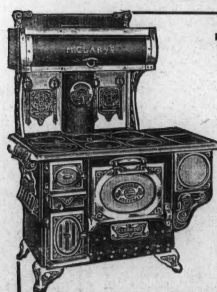
13. Though we may multiply flax seed by growing that type flax, it is too dry a climate for the production of first-class flax fibre.

A Good Sign

The "Traction" or "Special" mark is on every pavement and road in every portion of Canada. **Either mark is the sure sign that all is well ahead.**

Your Garageman Stocks Dunlop Tires.

A. 66



The Real Proof of a Range

The firebox of your range is the first and last proof of its usefulness and durability.

The Kootenay Range firebox is made of tough, pure semi-steel—in nine pieces to allow expansion and contraction and to prevent cracking.

For Sale by Wm. Laut.

McClary's Kootenay Range

London St. John, N.B. Toronto Calgary Montreal Hamilton Winnipeg Edmonton Vancouver Saskatoon

NOTICE

In the matter of the Court of Confirmation of the Tax Enforcement Return of the Municipal District of Rosebud No. 280.

TAKE NOTICE that His Honor a Judge of the District Court of the District of Calgary, will at the sittings of the Court on FRIDAY, the FOURTH DAY of OCTOBER, 1918, confirm the Tax Enforcement Return of the Municipal District of Rosebud No. 280.

W. McHORY,
Secretary-Treasurer.

For Sale

For Sale, One Baby Carriage and Cart, also some Cattle and team Mares. Apply D. K. Kike.

For Sale, Two Pure Bred Poland China Boars, three months old. Apply H. M. O'Neill. Phone 813.

For Sale.—One Registered two year old Dark Red Shorthorn Bull. J. A. Sackett.

For Sale.—New soft water Tank, with tap, for Sale cheap.—For full particulars phone 20, Crossfield.

Lost.—One Brown Gelding, weighing about 1,200 lbs. Branded on right shoulder. Suitable Reward will be given for information leading to its recovery.

B. REID, Crossfield.
P.O. Box 60.

Legal Notice

APPLICATION FOR LEASE OF ROAD ALLOWANCE OR SURVEYED HIGHWAY

NOTICE is hereby given that T. E. Bille, of Abernethy, has made application to the Minister of Public Works, Edmonton, for a lease of the following road allowance or surveyed highway, viz.:

Between Sec. 4 and 5, Twp. 28, R. 2, W. 4 of 4th.

Any protest against the granting of the above-mentioned lease must be forwarded to the Minister of Public Works, Edmonton, within thirty days from the date of this notice.

Dated at Crossfield, T. E. BILLE, (Applicant)

August 14th, 1918.

Lost

Lost.—One Silver Grey Coyote Hound, white tip on end of tail. \$5.00 reward will be given for information leading to its recovery. Phone R902.

Have You Paid

Your Subscription

This Year?

The Crossfield Chronicle

RATES
Business locally 10 cents per line first insertion; and 5 cents per line each subsequent insertion.
Subscription price, \$1.50 per year in advance; or \$1.75 if not paid in advance.
Published at the Chronicle office, at Crossfield, Alberta, each Friday.
Legal advertisements, 12 cents per line for first insertion; and 8 cents each subsequent insertion.

ROBERT WHITFIELD,
Printer and Publisher.

Red Cross Notes

The Red Cross acknowledge with thanks the following donations and work.

Elba S. C. tea \$1.05
Crossfield " 6.05
Mrs. Morrow fee for 1919 2.00
Work: Elba, 10 M-T. bandages, 6 T. bandages, 3 head bandages, 6 P.P. bags, 1 pair bed socks, 1 suit pyjamas, 1 pair slippers, 1 nurses apron.
Doris Huser, 5 P.P. bags and 1 washrag.
Opal Brown, 1 pair slippers.
Crossfield, 5 M-T. bandages, 6 pair slippers.
Mrs. Dungan, 1 pair socks.
" Bray, 1 " "
" Ingham, 8 T. bandages.

DON'T FORGET

The Annual Meeting of the Red Cross Society will be held on Friday, October 4th, in the Fire Hall. All those who are interested in the work are earnestly requested to attend and bring their friends.



\$250.00 REWARD

WILL BE PAID FOR INFORMATION

That will lead to conviction of anyone criminally taking or disposing of any Cattle or Horses owned by undersigned. Horses Left Thigh. Brand **TT** Cattle Left Hip. Earmark square crop each ear, with wire in stub. Registered horses branded and numbers right side of neck.

G. F. STOOKE.

For Sale.

FOR CASH I WILL SELL
One new Bradford Top Buggy, complete with shafts worth \$135.00 for \$80.00
One new Six Cyclone Grinder, complete worth " " \$50.00 for \$35.00
One new Pump complete, with 10ft. of pipe, worth " " \$25.00 for \$14.00
One new Beatty Bros. Litter Carrier, worth " " \$10.00 for \$28.00
CHAS. HULTGREN, CROSSFIELD.

Estray

ESTRAY.—One Red Cow, 6 years old, long horns. Branded **O** on right hip, clipped. Three yearlings, no belly. No brand. Sec. 24, Twp. 21, R. 28, W. 4. G. T. Jones, R.R. 1.

—GEO. McLEOD,
Brand Reader.

On the premises of Mrs. J. Robertson known as the A C Ranch, Twp. 28, R. 2, W. 4. One Red Heifer, calf, white on belly. One black steer, three years old. Branded **NO** on left ribs.

—MR. M. M. ROBERTSON.

\$10.00 REWARD for information of four Horses, one Bay Mare. Branded **TT** as cut on right thigh forehead clipped. Three yearlings, no brand. Black Filly; Two Horse Colts, bay with white face and a black. Phone 808. M. Engstrom, Alndrie.

For Sale Cheap, One Sable Collie Bitch.—Apply at the Chronicle Office.

LOST.—From Simons Valley, one Black Mare, 4 years old, height 16 in. White stripe down face, tip off one ear. Branded as cut, on left shoulder. \$50.00 reward for information of same. Phone Rural 8806, or phone W1068. Anyone caught holding above in pasture or otherwise will be prosecuted according to law from date.

ANNOUNCING A NEW



MODEL "F.A."

"Baby Grand" Touring Car

THE demand for Chevrolet performance in a larger and more powerful car is met by the Baby Grand Touring Car. Chevrolet engineers have, in this car, perfected many new features that give it a quick get-away, surplus power on hills, and reliability under all road conditions.

On account of its power, flexibility, comfort and easy clutch, this model appeals to lady drivers. The car is extremely well finished, nicely appointed and fully equipped.

EXCLUSIVE FEATURES

37 H.P. 4 cylinder valve-in-head motor, extremely powerful, smooth, flexible and efficient.
Cooling—Water circulated by centrifugal pump through large honeycomb radiator.
Clutch—Cone type, extremely easy to operate.
Brakes—Positive in action and easily operated.

Rear Springs—Semi-convertible, making the "Baby Grand" one of the most comfortable riding cars.
Rear Axle—Three-quarter floating type with spiral driving gear.
Starting and Lighting—Electric Auto Lite.
Ignition—Remy.

SEND FOR DESCRIPTION AND PRICE TO

CHEVROLET MOTOR COMPANY OF CANADA LIMITED

OSHAWA, ONTARIO

DEAL LOCALLY BY

C. SMART & D. ONTKES, Agents, Crossfield.

Something New King Ventilator



For Demonstration

SEE
Atlas Lumber Co. Ltd.
CROSSFIELD.

Dr. J. A. FORD,

Veterinary Surgeon,

OFFICE:

FORD GARAGE,

CROSSFIELD, Alberta.

PHONE 18.

Estrayed.

On the premises of H. McPhoe, S. W. 1/4, P. 4, Twp. 22, R. 28, W. 4. One Bay gelding, 8 years old, blind foot, white, left front foot white, white snip up nose. Branded on left hip. —GEORGE McLEOD, Brand Reader.

Lost.—A Fox Terrier Bitch, one brown ear, one brown spot behind. Anyone finding same please notify G. Miller, Phone 904 Carstairs, or leave it at Wicks Livery Barn.

STRAYED.—From the premises of T. Evenson, Elkton: one Black Gelding, four years old, white blind test, star in forehead. Branded **T E** on the right hip and as cut on right shoulder. Bay Driving Mare, branded **NW** on shoulder. Dark Brown Mare three years old; Dark Brown Mare two years old; Iron Grey Gelding, three years old, white face. Black Gelding, two years old, star in forehead. All branded **T E** on right hip. Five Dollars per head for any information leading to their discovery.

NOTICE

All Births, Marriages and Deaths, must be registered according to law, otherwise offenders will be liable to a penalty.

By order,
CHAS. HULTGREN,
Registrar.

LOST

Lost.—About a week ago from Crossfield Two Coyote Hounds, one fawn and one black, marked on the ear. Please notify A. McFadyen, Crossfield.

Wanted Cattle to Herd

Wanted, a bunch of Cattle to herd in the foothills for the summer. Apply to C. L. Plumb, Sampsonston, Alberta.

CROSSFIELD LODGE I. O. O. F.

No. 42

Meets Every Wednesday Night in the Oddfellows Hall at 8 p.m.
Visiting Brethren Welcome.

R. W. McFARLANE, S. G.
S. WILLIS, Rec.-Secy.
A. JESSIMAN, Fin.-Sec.

Crossfield School District No. 752

THE REGULAR MEETINGS of the above School Board will be held at the School House at 10 a.m. on the first Saturday in the following months: January, March, May, July, September and November.

All matters of business pertaining to his district will be attended to at this meeting.

The office of the Sec.-Treas. is in the Crossfield Drug Store.

A. R. Thomas, Chairman.

Merrick Thomas, Sec.-Treas.

Farmers Repair Shop

Special Attention Given to

BLACKSMITHING

PRICES RIGHT

ALEX JESSIMAN, Prop.

EASTMAN KODAKS, FILMS, VELOX PAPER and POST CARDS.

Developing Prints, Trays, etc.
For Sale by

MERRICK THOMAS, Druggist